

LEVEL OF LEARNING THRESHOLD GRID Year 8



BOURNEMOUTH SCHOOL
FOR GIRLS

DEPARTMENT/SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

| Assessment area | Developing | Secure | Excellent |
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| <p>NUMBER SKILLS</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ordering correctly positive and negative numbers and applying the four operations with some success including BIDMAS. • Understanding and applying estimation and rounding. • Use positive powers of 2 to 10 and roots of numbers up to 100. • Show confidence in finding factors and multiples, HCF and LCM (not necessarily using a formal method). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply the four operations confidently to both positive and negative numbers, including BIDMAS. Also estimate and round accurately. • Long multiplication and Division. • Accurate use of a calculator. • Understand fully positive integer powers and associated real roots (square, cube and higher). • Use index laws for multiplication and division • Understand prime factorisation, and linking this with HCF and LCM. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consistently accurate with BIDMAS calculations involving negatives and powers. • Confidently use prime factorisation to find HCF, LCM and square roots. • Use index laws for multiplication and division including negative powers. • Higher use of a calculator e.g. fractions, powers, ANS, brackets, memory. • Long multiplication and Division including decimals. • Fully understand significant figures. |

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| FRACTIONS, DECIMALS AND PERCENTAGES | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Show confidence in applying the four operations to both proper and improper fractions and decimals.• Solve problems involving percentage change and interpret the solutions.• Compare two quantities using percentages. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply the four operations confidently to both proper and improper fractions and decimals.• Confidently solve problems involving percentage change including original value problems and simple interest.• Compare two or more quantities given as percentages, fractions or decimals. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interpret and solve real world percentage and fraction problems, with and without a calculator.• Use multipliers for repeated percentage change.• Solve problems in which percentages, fractions and decimals are interchanged. |
| RATIO | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Divide a given quantity into two parts in a given ratio. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Express the division of a quantity into two parts as a ratio.• Apply ratio to real contexts and problems. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interpret and solve real world ratio and proportion problems including comparisons.• Understand unitary method in a range of topics.• Ratios 1:n etc.• Identify when two variables are directly proportional. |

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| ALGEBRA | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use a simple algebraic formula.• Rearrange formulae with one step.• Simplify expressions with simple indices and brackets.• Solve two stage equations using a structured balancing method.• Draw a straight line graph from an equation using a table.• Begin to show an understanding of gradient.• Solve problems using sequences.• Understand that $y=mx+c$ is the equation of a straight line | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use a complex algebraic formula.• Rearrange formulae with two steps.• Simplify and expand more complex.• Expressions with indices and brackets, and factorise.• Use balancing method to solve more complex equations including brackets or unknown both sides.• Understand and use lines parallel to the axes, $y = x$ and $y = -x$.• Understand $y=mx+c$ and the meaning of m and c.• Find the midpoint of coordinate pairs from a diagram.• Use trial and improvement.• Solve sequence problems involving nth term. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Form and use formulae.• Rearrange more complex formulae.• Solve equations with brackets, letters on both sides, negatives etc.• Simplify expressions with more complex indices.• Draw graphs for $ax+by=c$.• Find the equation of a straight line from its graph.• Find the midpoint of coordinate pairs without drawing.• Factorisation with two or more factors, including algebraic.• Set up and solve sequence problems from a range of starting points e.g. diagrams. |
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| SHAPE AND SPACE | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Apply the properties of angles at a point, angles at a point on a straight line, vertically opposite angles.• Calculate with angles in polygons.• Use consistently in context the units of mass, length, volume etc.• Convert between metric units.• Use standard units of measure and related concepts in calculations (length, area, volume/capacity, mass, time, money, etc.)• Calculate perimeter and areas of straight-sided and composite shapes and find volume and surface area of cuboids.• Understand symmetry including rotational.• Simple scale drawing e.g. 1cm:1Km. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand and use alternate and corresponding angles on parallel lines.• Give reasons for solutions to angle problems.• Know polygon angle sums and use in calculations.• Deal confidently with units of mass, length, volume, time etc.• Calculate circumference and area of a circle.• Draw simple 3D shapes and nets.• Simple plans and elevations e.g. shapes made from cubes.• Simple transformations.• Scale drawings e.g. 1:50.• Use bearings in accurate diagrams.• Metric conversions.• Area & volume. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Solve angle problems and state full and clear reasons.• Solve problems involving circles including compound shapes, simple sectors.• Know polygon angle sums and use in calculations, justifying decisions with reasons.• More complex 3D shapes and nets e.g. pyramids, compound shapes.• More complex plans and elevations e.g. angled lines such as pyramids.• More complex transformations e.g. reflect in $y=x$, enlarge about a point.• Use scale drawings to solve problems.• Calculate bearings using angle rules. |
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| <p>HANDLING DATA AND PROBABILITY</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand and use probability for when two or more events happen at the same time by listing possibilities. • Understand that probability of Not is $1-p$. • Interpret and construct pie charts and stem and leaf diagrams and Venn diagrams. • Interpret, analyse and compare the distributions of data sets through appropriate measures of average (median, mean and mode) and spread (range). • Collect data from secondary sources e.g. Mayfield. • Set up a data collection sheet for primary data. • Take account of extreme data points. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Find probabilities for two events using a sample space. • Compare experimental and theoretical probability in a range of contexts. • Identify events as mutually exclusive. • Calculate a probability by summing all to one. • Use and interpret scatter graphs and understand correlation. • Choose appropriate diagrams to display data. • Collect data from secondary sources by taking random samples. • Set up a more complex data collection sheet for primary data. • Analyse data from secondary sources e.g. Mayfield. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calculate and interpret probabilities to solve problems including comparisons. • Identify events as mutually exclusive and use this to make appropriate calculations. • Solve otherwise awkward problems by finding Not and subtracting from 1. • Use secondary data sets, e.g. spreadsheets such as Mayfield, to make own comparisons and draw conclusions. • Set up a more complex data collection sheet for primary data, specifically designed to efficiently compare data. |
| <p>REASONING, INTERPRETING AND COMMUNICATION MATHEMATICALLY</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses minimal levels of communication. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses appropriate levels of communication. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Uses advanced levels of communication. |